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Date: November 5-27 2012

Shell Nigeria Demonstration/ testing of OSE II in the Ogoniland in the field Summary

On November 5 2012, Shell Oil Company officials received OSE II from Dinetuks Corporation LTD of Nigeria for use on soil in the field in the Ogoniland. Shell officials mixed and applied OSE II to the soil themselves, they monitored the site, extracted the soil samples, and delivered them to the lab for analysis for TPH and PAH's.

Shell officials performed two extractions on five different dates November 6, through November 27 2012 from the soil where they had applied OSE II.

The results show OSE II was very successful in remediating the oil TPH, approximately 95.4% from the samples extracted from the top of the wind row in 21 days, and 97.55% from the bottom of the wind rows in the soil where OSE II was applied for this clean up demonstration.

OSE II remediated the soil extractions from the top of the wind row 551 mg/l per day, and at the end of 21 days the TPH level was 532mg/l, which can be extrapolated to show that the TPH level would have been non detect at the end of 22 days. The 21 day percent reduction was 95.4% for TPH for the top of the soil area.

The soil extractions from the bottom of the wind rows showed a TPH reduction of 911 mg/l per day and at the end of 21 days the TPH level was 469 mg/l, which can be extrapolated to show the bottom area of the soil would have been non detect in 22 days. The 21 day percent reduction was 97.55% for the TPH at the top of the soil area.

Shell also tested the PAH's, which according to the US EPA is the more toxic persistent components of oil.

OSE II remediated the soil extractions PAH's from the top of the wind row started at 40 mg/l per day, and at the end of 21 days the PAH level was 0.08 mg/l, which can be extrapolated to show that the PAH level would have been non detect at the end of 22 days. The reduction of PAH's on average per day was 1.9 mg/l. The 21 day percent reduction was 99.8% for PAH's for the top of the soil area.

The soil extractions PAH"s from the bottom of the wind rows started at 46.09 mg/l and at the end of 21days the PAH level was 0.09, which can be extrapolated to show

that the PAH level would have been non detect at the end of 22 days. The reduction of PAH's on average per day was 2.91 mg/l. The 21 day percent reduction was 99.805% for the bottom of the soil.

Once OSE II gets the bioremediation process started there is nothing to stop the remediation and until all the detoxified hydrocarbons have been remediated to non detect, which means the enhanced indigenous bacteria have depleted the entire food source, the detoxified hydrocarbons.

The Shell oil company tests/demonstration in the field on the Ogoniland proves there is a safe effective means to clean up Shells Nigerian spills.

Steven Pedigo Chairman/CEO OSEI Corporation

Signed laboratory test reports follow:



LABORATORY ANALYTICAL REPORT

REPORT NO.:	KNL/LAB.011220/11/2012/PH	INCIDENCE :	LEGACY
CLIENT:	SHELL PETROLEUM DEVELOPEMENT CO	SAMPLED BY:	SPDC/KNL
TYPE OF SAMPLE: SOIL SAMPLE		DATE SAMPLED:	05-13/11/2012
SAMPLE ORIGIN:	B-DERE	DATE RECEIVED:	07-01-2013
SAMPLE SOURCE:	OSEL II TEST	DATE OF REPORTING:	19-01-2013

		METHODS	UNIT	INTERVENTION (INTERVENTION)	RESULT						
S/N	PARAMETERS				B5ror	B5 _{nor}	Altor	Alsot	A7ror	A7aot	
	PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS	70 745-07-75	Ann ablic	The T	05-11-2012	05:11-2012	06-11-2012	06-11-2012	13-11-2012	13-11-2012	
1	TEMPERATURE	417	°C-			- 4	-		- 4	-	
2	Hq	ASTM D1299B	74	*	6.40	6.40	6.40	6.40	6.60	6.70	
3	DISSOLVED OXYGEN	APHA 4228	mg/L	50	1900	7.0		1			
4	ELECTRICAL CONDUCTIVITY	ASTM DITES	μS/cm	*	185	188	100	+5.	.9	18	
5	SALINITY	APHA 2520	mg/kg	3.	1.50	1.0	- 0	77			
6	TOTAL SUSPENDED SOLIDS	ASTM DUBLE	-			-	-	-		-	
7	TOTAL DISSOLVED SOLID	ANTM DUBGE	140.7	-			7	-	-		
8	TURBIDITY	APHA 2130	NTU	136	1.60	9	30	- 61		:::	
9	ODOR				(4)		187	100			
	PHYSIOCHEMICALS					15	75	- 5,		15.	
1	NITRATE	ASTM BRAIT	mg/kg		14					-	
2.	SULPHATE	ASTM Ditto	Tile.	- 8	167	14	-	-	-	- 4	
3	HYDROGEN SULPHIDE	A5TM D4688	- in	8	100	24	[e]	- 80	-79		
4	CYANIDE	AP10: 408C	1100	37.	2.02		*	100			
5	BICARBONATES	ASTM DOWN?	100				-	-,-			
1	METALS: ARSENIC	ASTM 02972	mg/kg	55	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	< 0.001	
2	BARIUM	ASTM DUBZ	- 1	625	108.48	94.87	95.20	96.87	95.70	85.24	
3	CADMIUM	ASTM 025760	14	12	2.11	1.81	1.01	1.01	0.79	0.81	
4	COBALT	ASTM D3558A	- 1	240	17.65	18.20	11.88	12.30	10.35	9.83	
5	CHROMIUM	ASTM 02972	++	380	21.38	19.12	19.01	17.25	18.61	13.75	
6	COPPER	ASTM DISSSD		190	31.22	35.58	30.59	30.80	29.25	29.80	
7	NICKEL	ASTM DUBBIC	++	210	63.37	42.60	42.41	31.28	21.15	21.41	
8	MERCURY	ASTM 09229	- 4	10	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001.	<0.001	<0.001	< 0.001	
9	LEAD	ASTM DISSE	144	350	82.09	71.85	69.16	61.14	39.43	36.60	
10	ZINC	ASTM DIREC		720	168.13	172.66	154.09	151.36	115.53	102.62	
1	HYDROCARBONS TPH	OC (FID)	mg/kg	5000	12,115.23	19,615.40	5,702.07	7,477.86	2,437.17	2,684.2	
2	BTEX		- 4	206	<0.05	< 0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	
3	PAH	Fig	34	40	40.60	46.09	17.75	20.50	12.62	13.70	
4.	PHENOL	16	-04	40	1(4)		.1:			-	
5	TOG	LIV-SPEC	-	- 1	757	- 2	-	7.57	74		
	BIOLOGICALS				. + .	12	- 1		17+	-	
I.	BOD	APHA NOT	mg/L				- 1	-		- 8	
2	COD	ASTM D1252	- 1		357		+1 +1	100	1.0	+	
3	COLIFORM	MPN COUNT	MPN /- 100ed	-	9		-	- 6	19	+	
4	TOTAL HETEROTROPHIC BACTERIA				8.50x10 ¹	5.60x10 ⁴	3.40x10 ⁴	3.60x10 ⁴	3.40x10*	3.70x10	
5				12	3.90x10 ¹	4.20x10 ^T	2.80x10 ³	3.10x10 ³	2.80x10 ³	2.20x10	
6	HYDROCARBON DEGRADING BAC.				2.10x10 ³	1.95x10 ¹	1.20x10 ³	1.92x10 ³	1.40x10 ¹	1.20x10	
	TOTAL HETEROTROPHIC FUNGI				1.30x10 ³	1.00x10 ³	1.10x10 ⁵	1.30x10 ³	0.90x10 ³	0.80x10	

LARCOORDINATOR

APPROVED BY: KNL: MANAGING DIRECTOR

REPORT NO: 002012/017

DECEMBER 2012



LABORATORY ANALYTICAL REPORT

REPORT NO.:	REPORT NO.: KNL/LAB.011221/11/2012/PH		LEGACY		
CLIENT:	SHELL PETROLEUM DEVELOPEMENT CO.	SAMPLED BY:	SPDC/KNL		
TYPE OF SAMPLE: SOIL SAMPLE		DATE SAMPLED:	20 -27/ 11/ 2012		
SAMPLE ORIGIN: B-DERE		DATE RECEIVED:	07-01-2013		
SAMPLE SOURCE:	OSEL II TEST	DATE OF REPORTING:	11-01-2013		

		METHODS	UNIT	OPR MAK. INTERVENTION UNKT	RESULT				
S/N	PARAMETERS				A14 _{TOP}	A1480T.	A21 _{TOP}	A21 _{BOT}	Detection
	PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS				20-11-2012	20-11-2012	27-11-2012	27-11-2012	
1	TEMPERATURE	31	°C		7.	153			
2	pH	ASTM D1293B		389	6.70	6.70	6.80	6.80	1 X 10
3	DISSOLVED OXYGEN	APHA 422B	mg/L	122	25	1.0	-	-	
4	ELECTRICAL CONDUCTIVITY	ASTM D1125	μS/cm	-	_ *	1.5		(9)	1.0
5	SALINITY	APHA 2520	mg/kg	1.00	*	1920		-	143
6	TOTAL SUSPENDED SOLIDS	ASTM D1868	30	14.1	**		-		12
7	TOTAL DISSOLVED SOLID	ASTM D1868	ak .	14		941	*5-	20	
8	TURBIDITY	APHA 2130	NTU			- 1	-		•
9	ODOR		(8)		-	-	-		-
	PHYSIOCHEMICALS							1	
1	NITRATE	ASTM D3867	mg/kg		+1	-			35
2	SULPHATE	ASTM D516			-			-	
3	HYDROGEN SULPHIDE	ASTM D4658	14		+	13		-	
4	CYANIDE	APHE 408C		= ==	- 40	-		- 1	12
5	BICARBONATES	ASTM D3867	22	-					
1	METALS: ARSENIC	ASTM D2972	mg/kg	55	<0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	<0.001	1 X 10
2	BARIUM	ASTM D4382		625	85.46	85.26	48.10	48.95	1 X 10
3	CADMIUM	ASTM D2576D	"	12	1.72	1.90	0.01	0.01	1 X 10
4	COBALT	ASTM D3558A	**	240	21.32	20.90	19.03	18.11	1 X 10
5	CHROMIUM	ASTM D2972	34	380	16.85	16.91	8.02	7.89	1 X 10
6	COPPER	ASTM D1688D	25.	190	29.40	29.73	21.90	21.92	1 X 10
7	NICKEL	ASTM D1886C	91	210	10.52	9.04	8.41	9.63	1 X 10
8	MERCURY	ASTM D3229		10	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	1 X 10
9	LEAD	ASTM D3559		350	19.86	15.00	9.86	9.88	1 X 10
10	ZINC	ASTM D1691 C		720	56.32	52.56	48.55	50.40	1 X 10
1	HYDROCARBONS TPH	GC (FID)	mg/kg	5000	935.54	972.19	532.03	469.11	0.05
2	BTEX	34	11	206	<0.05	< 0.05	<0.05	< 0.05	0.05
3	PAH		10	40	9.08	8,10	0,08	0.09	0.05
4	PHENOL	,,,	19	40	147	2 =			
5	TOG	UV-SPEC.					88.	-	
	BIOLOGICALS				-		(+)	-	
1	BOD	APHA 507	mg/[-	-	- 10		-	
2	COD	ASTM D1252	11	-		-		-	
3	COLIFORM	MPN COUNT	MPN/100ml	-		-	+	-	N/A
4	TOTAL HETEROTROPHIC BACTERIA				3,60x10 ⁴	3.60x10 ⁴	2.50x10*	3.00x10 ⁴	
5	HYDROCARBON DEGRADING BAC.				1.90x10 ³	2.00x10 ³	1.30x10 ³	1.80x10 ³	76
6	TOTAL HETEROTROPHIC FUNGI			-	1,40x10 ³	1.20x10 ³	1.05x10 ³	1.00x10 ³	
- 1	TOTAL TILLEROTROPHIC PUNGI				0.90x10 ³				1 N

FOR: KNL LAB.COORDINATOR

APPROVED BY: KNL:_

MANAGING DIRECTOR

REPORT NO.: 002012/017

DECEMBER 2012

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The Nigeria Shell test/demonstration site was contaminated with Nigerian crude oil, there were areas with some surface water. The area was cleared of debris and the soil was plowed/tilled into rows, and the application of OSE II was performed by Shell employees. Shell employees performed sampling of the soil from the top of the wind row and the bottom of the wind rows on 5 different occasion starting just before the application of OSE II to get a starting point.

The following pictures shows the site before tilling/plowing and application of OSE

II and after application of OSE II.



Nigeria, Shell site where oil had spilled into the soil and ground water



Nigeria Shell's areas of the spill where there was associated debris before clearing the debris



Nigeria, Shells spill contaminating soil and surface ground water





Nigeria, the clean up contractor Giolee Global Resources LTD preparing $\,$ the soil for application of OSE II



Nigeria Shell spill site final handling of the soil before application of OSE II



Nigeria Shell spill site, after the application of OSE II, the soil TPH remediated from the top of the soil 97.55% in 21 days, from the bottom of the soil the TPH remediated 95.4% in 21 days, the PAH's from the top of the soil remediated 99.8% in 21 days and the PAH's from the bottom of the soil remediated 99.805% in 21 days, proving OSE II is the solution to clean up the Nigerian Shell Ogoniland spill.